

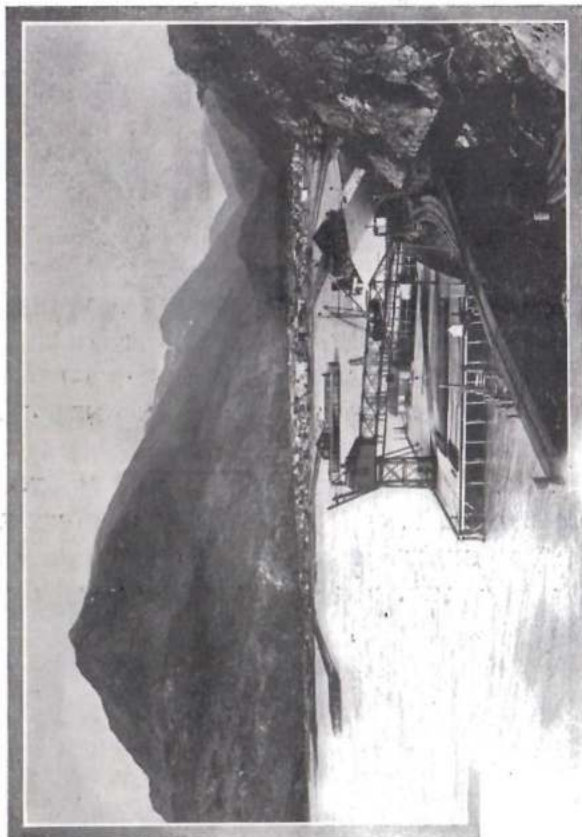
Skagway
Alaska

SKAGWAY COMMERCIAL CLUB



ASK THE STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S AGENT (TO
TELL YOU ALL ABOUT THE STOP-OVER
PRIVILEGE ON YOUR TICKETS. YOU MAY
REMAIN IN SKAGWAY A COUPLE OF WEEKS
OR MORE AND VISIT THE MANY BEAUTI-
FUL AND INTERESTING PLACES IN AND ADJACENT
TO OUR TOWN.

WRITE E. L. MILLER, SECRETARY SKAGWAY
COMMERCIAL CLUB FOR ALL PARTICULARS REGARD-
ING COST OF TRAVELING, COST OF LIVING, ETC.
ALL COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE GIVEN PERSONAL
ATTENTION.



Skagway, Alaska

Skagway, Alaska



SKAGWAY is the natural headquarters for tourists and sight-seers. No spot on the Pacific Coast offers a more profitable or interesting place for you to spend either a short or long vacation, on account of the miscellaneous places that may be visited with such little outlay of money and time. The reasonable cost of living is another feature. You will be surprised when you see for yourself.

Here is also the "Gateway To The Golden Interior"; richer than the imagination can paint, greater in majesty and beauty than the far-famed Switzerland, and unsurpassed in loveliness of nature. This little town contains 1000 people, and is picturesquely located in a valley which is the terminus of the White Pass & Yukon Railway. It is surrounded by lofty mountains, tremendous glaciers, numerous beautiful waterfalls, and such scenery as should prove a magnet strong enough to attract men and women from afar.

Let us walk leisurely down the street and we will stare in surprise and wonder at the fine cosmopolitan shops and stores, and the large and well built hotels, fraternal halls, water works, the electric light and telephone system, the daily newspaper, the government cable which keeps you in constant touch with all the outer world, and the up-to-date railroad shops. Then let us visit the residence streets and see the pretty homes with well-kept lawns and flower gardens, the churches, schools, and the first class hospital, and you will wonder how this little far-away town could improve so rapidly when it did not come into existence until 1898, at which time it was the head-quarters of many eager gold-hunters and prospectors bound for the Klondike and other parts of Alaska, from 5,000 to 10,000 in number, housed in tents, old shacks, and similar other structures providing but scanty shelter.



Interior Views of
Skagway Homes



"Broadway"

Skagway, Alaska

It would take too long to tell about all the individual stores, and the special wares for sale in addition to every-day up-to-date merchandise; beautiful furs—brown bear, black bear and polar bear skins, which are sold very reasonably; also nuggets for watch charms, and nuggets made into watch chains, bracelets, stick pins, and brooches, all Alaskan products. There are also numerous varieties of cribbage boards and napkin rings, made from the tusks of the Alaskan walrus; moccasins made from the hair seal, and Indian baskets made in every shape and size conceivable. Not only these things are within the reach of tourists from the standpoint of price, but many, many others, which cannot be mentioned here on account of limited space.

When you have seen and investigated you will concede that Skagway has every facility for becoming the great summer resort of Alaska and the Northwest—in fact, one of the greatest in the world.

The temperature in winter seldom falls below zero, as the Japanese current has a moderating effect upon the climate. During the summer



Dining Table In Skagway Home

months when you would be sweltering with the heat in the great cities of the states, here the south winds from the glaciers cause the atmosphere to be cool and refreshing. Thus there is an ideal climate in Skagway the year around, with less annual rainfall than in any other part of Alaska, the average amounting to only 22.49 inches during the past five years.

As a garden spot Skagway cannot be excelled. Red, white and black currants grow in abundance, making the best kind of jellies. Blueberries, huckleberries, cranberries, and raspberries grow wild. Some of these berries have been cultivated very successfully. Vegetables also grow to a very large size, and it is an excellent country for celery, which is noted for its rich flavor.

During the summer months there are from eighteen to twenty-two



Moonlight On Skagway Bay

This picture was taken at Burro Creek—11:30 p. m.,

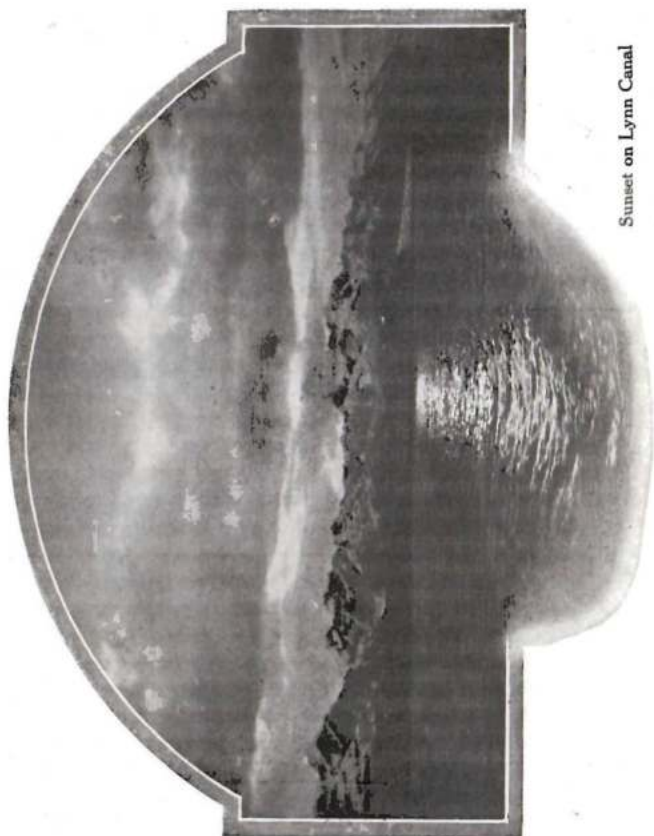
hours daylight, while during the winter months darkness is more prevailing.

Think of taking a beautiful picture at midnight, which can be done at Skagway without artificial light during the summer months. Notice the beautiful picture shown on this page, taken at midnight—notice the moon rising over the mountain tops.

Such novelties as these help characterize Skagway as the natural headquarters for tourists, and we trust that the few accompanying photos our space permits us to reproduce will convince you that our statements are well founded.



Moore's Wharf on a Busy Day—Skagway



Sunset on Lynn Canal

The Beautiful Trip To Skagway, Alaska

DISTANCE FROM SEATTLE OR VANCOUVER ABOUT
1,000 MILES; A CONTINUOUS PANORAMA
OF NATURE'S BEAUTIES

THE MAN or woman who has not traveled the Inland Route to Skagway; seen its thousands of Islands, its beautiful Bays, its placid Inland Seas, glorious Sunsets, fantastic Totem Poles, its towering trees, and abundance of game; or heard the romantic stories of Russian and Indian legend now told in crumbling Missions and wigwams, or listened to the thrilling escapades of the early days, has lived in vain.

Poets have raved over the towering heights of the Alps, and gone into ecstasies over the beauties of the Mediterranean; and yet, if all the far-famed scenic countries were amalgamated into one they would be dwarfed into insignificance in comparison with the 100 distinct subdivisions of Alaska, nearly every phase of which can be seen on this Southeastern trip, and at Skagway. The balance may be seen at a very moderate cost in the vicinity of Skagway, or a short distance into the Interior. Those world-renowned foreign beauties must temporarily shrink into oblivion when traveling amidst the grandeur of the scenery surrounding the waters of our beautiful Inland Passage. And after a close inspection you will undoubtedly admit that Alaska, especially the Southeastern portion, is destined to be the great "Summer Play Ground" of the world.

The trip offers a charm of scenery such as our continent nowhere else affords. The hospitable and friendly natives in their picturesque villages are a source of unfailing interest. Practically the entire voyage Les

Elks Falls
One of
the Many
Pictur-
esque
Spots

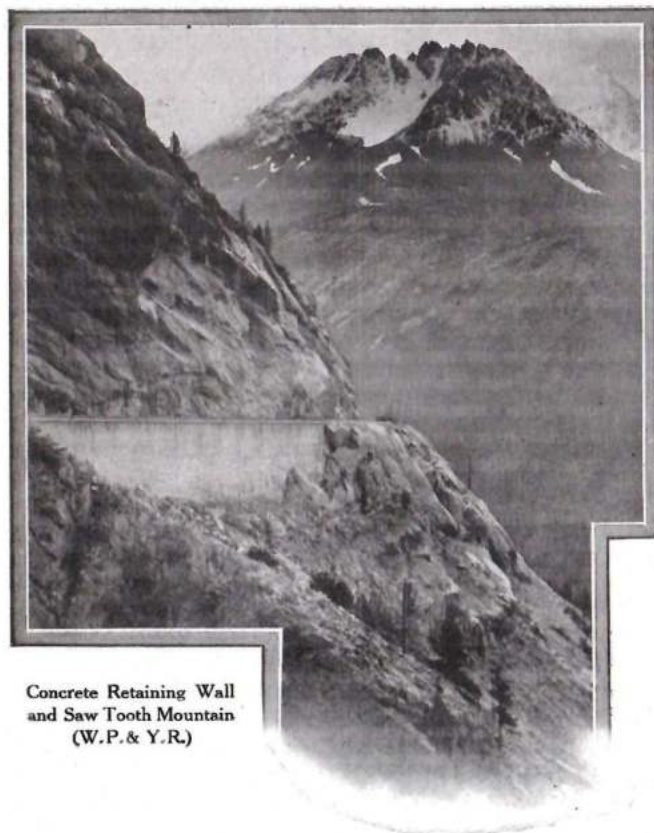


among beautiful islands, which seem to guard the Western Coast as so many sentinels. The waters are green and dark, and beautifully phosphorescent at night, and usually as quiet as a mill-pond. You can indulge to your heart's desire in this varied and ever-charming panorama of sea and mountain, beautiful waterfalls, crags and lofty peaks obscured by clouds of glistening white as the sunlight falls upon their snowy summits; or you may gaze upon the wooded slopes and vegetation at the water's edge, dense and tropical in luxuriance. It seems that nature's one delight has been to form great contrasts, so much so that she has even deigned to plant some of her fairest flowers at the foot of her greatest glaciers.

The trip will consume from four to five days each way, and it is all so beautiful and interesting that the time will fly faster than you like. You will have an opportunity to visit other towns of Alaska, namely: Ketchikan, Juneau, Wrangell, Treadwell, and its great gold mines, Haines, Sitka, Killisnoo, the Indian Village Metlakatla, Fort William H. Seward; also Taku and Muir Glaciers, and miscellaneous other places of interest. The rate to Skagway is very reasonable, and special tourist accommodations are offered by the various steamship companies during the summer months. The steamers make stops at the above places, and others, long enough to allow the passengers to go ashore and visit the sights.

It is a luxury and a pleasure to travel on the steamers of the South-eastern Alaska run. They are spacious, comfortable, and the service is excellent.

Don't forget to ask the company you travel with about the "Stop-Over Privilege On Your Ticket" so you can "Remain In Skagway For A Time" There are enough attractions here to accupy your attention and keep you busy for several days, and you will learn enough about real Alaska by making these short side trips so that you will feel well repaid for the time you so spend.



Concrete Retaining Wall
and Saw Tooth Mountain
(W.P. & Y.R.)



Face Mountain, Skagway

The Mountains Surrounding Skagway



HERE ARE people coming from various sections of the country who think they own mountains, and no doubt they do; but those surrounding Skagway are born of another family, a different Clan.

Nearly all of them have a blanket of snow covering their crests the year around, and most of them can boast of a glacier or two, which they cuddle in their hollows or allow to stretch out and visit the deep waters. Hugging close to their protectors, these mighty masses of ice, hoary with ages, glisten soberly in the sunlight, and as you near Skagway in your comfortable ship the great mountains seems to draw you closer to them and frown on all sides as if to dispute your right of way, or demand a reason why you should seek to explore this wonderland which they chose to protect.

Some of these mountains are lightly powdered with snow during the summer months, and many of them have snow bonnets firmly set in place the year around. They are nearly all angular, and very few have rounded tops. They dart up high like needle points, reminding you of so many angry teeth biting into the sky.

Their sharpness of contour gives them a rugged and daring effect. Their tops are absolutely timberless, which makes their bold beauty more inspiring. Add to this the wonderful glaciers, placed at picturesque angles, sometimes hundreds of feet high into the mountains, while others reach down to the base, forever photographing on your mind's eye a picture of colors from pale green with flecks of white to pink and brown.

Deeply crevassed and fantastically marked, these ice children make a decidedly interesting study. Lynn Canal is brimful of wonders, and a day spent on its waters is one of constant joy.



The Swiss Chalet



ORDINARILY we think of a "Swiss Chalet" as one of the mountain assets of Switzerland which helped make that country and the great Alps famous. But you don't have to go there to see a "Chalet".

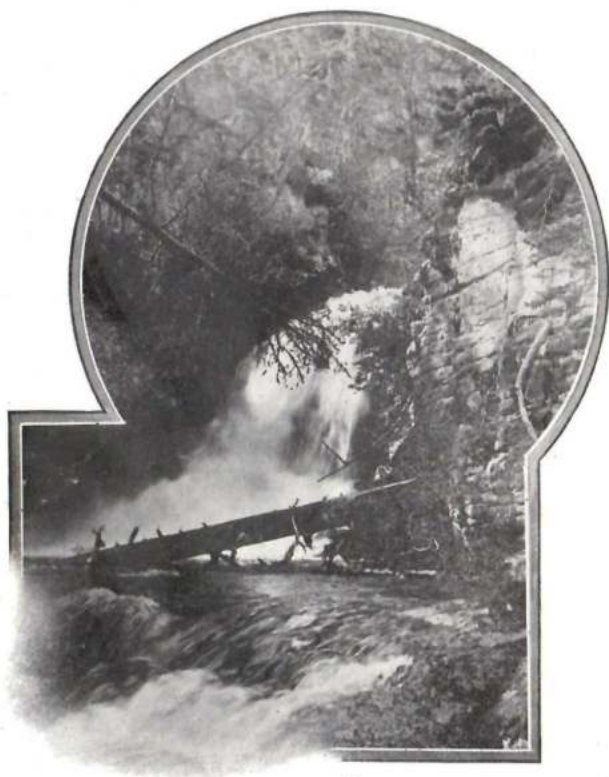
The people have been grossly misinformed about Alaska or it would have its "Alps" and numerous Chalets too. But anyway, we have one in Alaska, and that is at Skagway, about a forty minute walk up the mountain side, 1,500 feet above sea level.

You will find this building quaint but neat in design. It is made from the rough native timbers, hewn and plastered in primitive style, and beautified by the artistic touches of hand and nature. It is located beside a beautiful mountain stream, and almost directly over a waterfall, where the continuous splash and rumble sings you to sleep at night, and the fresh mountain air instills vigor and energy into your being.

The Chalet is large enough to accommodate a dozen or more persons at night. It contains a French range with cooking utensils and food supplies, so that you may prepare your own meals if you so desire, or you may have it done by the care-taker.

This is a fine place from which to make an early start for Mount Dewey, which is about 6,000 feet above sea level. While we have not the space to describe the trip as fully as we would like, in passing over it lightly, mention should be made of the fact that it is one of the favorite outings in Skagway, from the standpoint of health and the grand views that may be obtained from the mountain tops for miles and miles.

Try it, and you will feel your system build up under the delightful exercise and fresh mountain air.



Burro Creek
One of the numerous Waterfalls

Mountain Climbing, Camping and Hunting

HAVE you ever climbed a real mountain? Wouldn't you like to get away from everyone, except a friend or two, taking with you blankets and provisions, and climb high into the mountains, in the clear air and under the blue sky, and remain there for a fortnight or longer, hunting goats, bear, mountain sheep, forgetting the world of brick and mortar and the attendant cares of a commercial life? Do you realize how such a change infuses vitality into a man, clears his brain, deepens his chest, strengthens his lungs, putting such an entirely new complexion on life as can be realized only by practical demonstration? No place offers a better opportunity for such an outing than Skagway. Supplies may be purchased very reasonably, and guns, camping outfits, etc., may be had for a small cost. The outfit and guns can be rented here in case you do not wish to buy them—or possibly you would prefer to bring your own favorite gun with you? If you do not care to scale the mountains, Burro Creek is a beautiful place to camp, amid its picturesque scenery and grand waterfalls. It is just across the bay, and about fifteen minutes ride from Skagway in a launch. It is at the foot of Carter Mountain, which is easily climbed for quite a distance, when the ascent becomes more difficult. You are enabled to wend your way about, following the course of the creek until nearly to the summit, or the source of the creek, the slope being gradual and there being no precipitous ascents such as might endanger life.

There is no treatment that will throw off the ills of life like camping and the mountain air, with plenty of good lively exercise of body. There are plenty mountain goats in the vicinity of Skagway, and though it is no child's play to bag one of these animals, the patient huntsman can scarcely fail to secure a trophy or two if he perseveres.



Mountain
Goats
Bagged
Near
Skagway



Alaskan Blue Grouse - A fine game bird
Found in plentiful numbers near Skagway



Wild Geese
An
Early
Morning
Snap Shot

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Case
&
Draper

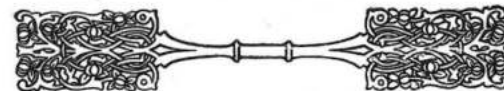


Alaskan
Ptarmigan

Skagway is pre-eminently fitted for camping; the cool and genial summers, the woods and its beautiful bay, and its river and lakes containing many fish, make it an ideal place in which to enjoy life. There are so many beautiful places where a camper may go in launch, sail boat, row boat, canoe, by train or walking, that you will have no trouble in finding just what your tastes desire. There is so much to see that is novel and exhilarating that favored indeed are those who can find time to get away from the turmoil of the city to spend some time among these matchless mountains, see the towering peaks, glittering glaciers, wild and weird canyons, picturesque mountain lakes and enchanting streams. Here the weary, depressed and nervous are revived in a wonderful manner. The tired brain worker can find in this rugged region the quiet and calm repose his system requires in order to build strength.

Such a climate as this is conducive to good health and an appetite, especially when in the daily enjoyment of hunting and fishing, mountain climbing, boating, etc. The amateur or professional photographer will find at Skagway a new field of sunshine and shadow, ever changing and always beautiful, with every variety of scenery from peak to valley.

And when your holiday is done and you are speeding homeward with your muscles strong from glorious exercise, and your skin tanned by the mountain air, you will recall every moment of your summer's outing, the magnificence of the scenery, the glaciers, water falls, torrents, and hundreds of other marvels you left behind, and as you catch the last glimpse of the snow clad mountain peaks, you will promise yourself many another outing among them.





King Salmon

A Two Hours
Catch on
Skagway Bay

Trout and King Salmon Fishing and Salmon Canning

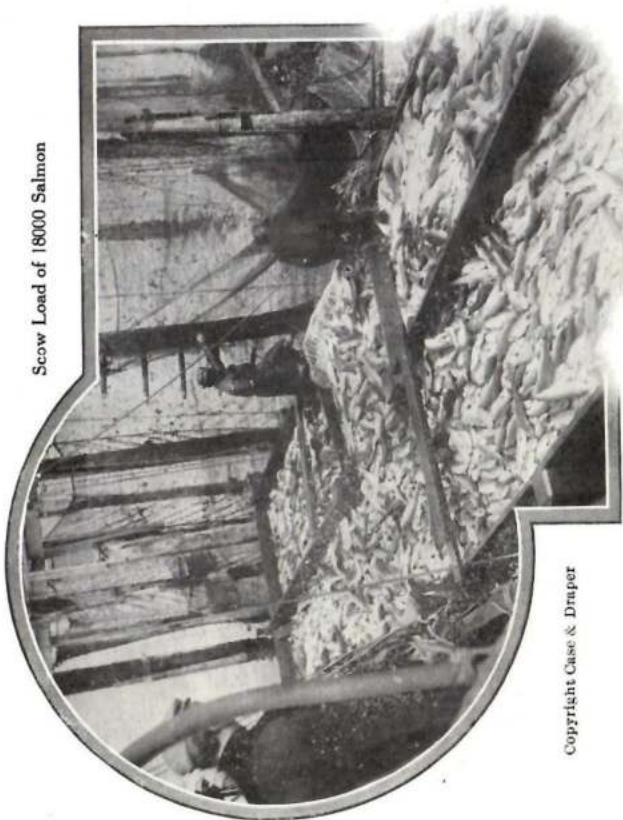
ONE OF the strongest characteristics of the ardent angler is his love of the beautiful in nature, whether it be found in the smiling meadows or peaceful valleys, or amid the rugged grandeur of mountain and forest scenery.

When reflecting on some past fishing trip, it is not only the keen delight of the tightened line, the bright flash of silver as the spoon arises, the bulging creel, and other pleasurable memories of this kind that cause lingering reminiscences, but you also think of the rushing torrents, with eddies and pools, the calm and peaceful bay on a bright summer's morning, the placid forest girted lake, or the hurrying and lonely river. And you will remember that sometimes out of self-respect you were compelled to desist whipping for trout, or casting bait for larger fish, because the string you had already caught was larger than you knew what to do with. Then indeed the cup of joy is full to overflowing. Never was there a country with a greater wealth of fishing than Alaska, and Skagway has its share.

The sportive salmon is a magnificent fish and deserving of its reputation, because of its fine proportions and unsurpassed vigour, and the spirit it puts into its fight for liberty. Salmon angling has been called the rich man's sport because of the great amounts of money (\$5,000.00 to \$35,000.00) paid by sportsmen for rights in well known rivers.

There is no royalty to pay for fishing at Skagway. The sport is all yours for the effort it requires. You may use a plain sea trolling rod with 600 feet of line, or a common line without a rod is just as serviceable, and most used here. Such tackle as you will need for this kind of fishing can be had for a very slight cost.

Scow Load of 18000 Salmon



Copyright Case & Draper

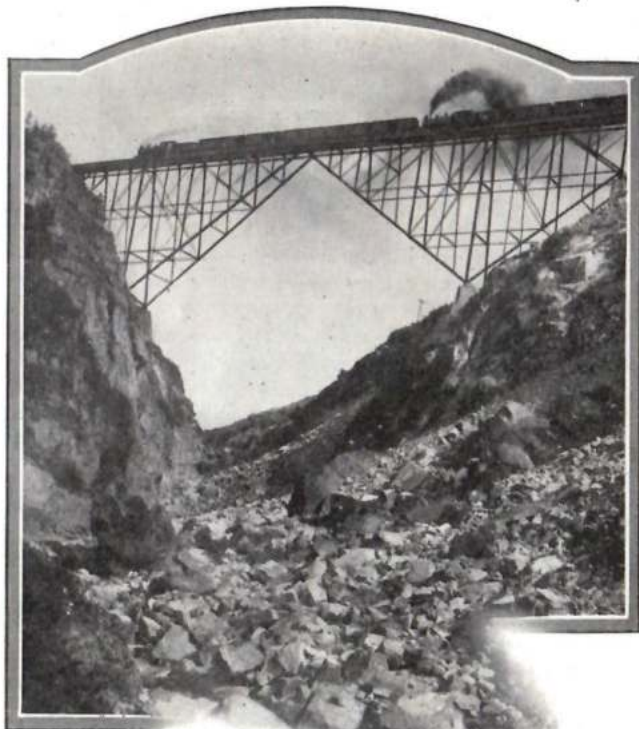
The salmon make tremendous rushes when first hooked and may break away from the angler if he is not careful. Sometimes they will pull a small row boat about the bay on a calm day in their fight for liberty. The best fishing season is from June 15th to October 25th. Beautiful trout and grayling can also be had in the vicinity of Skagway. In fact, some of the largest mountain trout in the world are said to have been caught at Burro Creek.

If you wish a delightful ride rent a launch and visit Chilcoot Cannery. A very cheap rate will be made you for a day's outing in parties from six to eight persons. Possibly you would like to land a forty or sixty pound salmon yourself, or a five or ten pound trout? At Chilcoot Cannery the trout are usually so numerous that as many as thirty-five have been caught in one hour's time with hook and line, by one person.

At this cannery you will see the fascinating process of canning salmon, from which point thousands of boxes are shipped each year to all parts of the world. Mostly Oriental help is employed, and the rapidity with which they work, and the general excellence of the system throughout, is something that will surprise and interest you intensely.

You cannot afford to miss this.





The Great Cantilever Bridge
W. P. & Y. R.
Dead Horse Gulch

Over The Mountains By Railway

AFTER YOU have examined all the wonders about you there will be a desire to explore farther into the mysteries and beauties of this great Northland. You can not afford to miss the trip over the White Pass & Yukon Railway. Should you not be able to go far, a trip to the summit of White Pass, or Bennett, will give a good idea of some of the beauties of the Interior country. After you have seen you will feel sorry for those who missed the opportunity of traveling into and over these wonderful mountains.

The White Pass & Yukon Railway is the result of one of the greatest engineering feats performed in the world's history. We will board the train at Broadway station, and after passing through the principal part of the town we cross Skagway river, noisy and icy cold, hurrying on its way to the sea. Soon we pass over the old White Pass trail, with reminiscences hovering over every foot of it. You imagine it peopled with all those thousands who toiled and traveled over its rugged paths in 1897 and 1898, the steady streams of gold seekers, pack laden, eager hearted, and buoyed up with the prospects that lured them onward.

Soon we gain the first prominence where a panorama of unsurpassed magnificence lays before us. Mountains awesome in their immenseness, mountains seeming cruel in their mightiness, stretching as far as eye can see. Just below you lies the old historic White Pass City where 10,000 eager gold seekers camped for brief periods before making the final effort up the canyon; and we see Dead-Horse Gulch, the scene of many heartrending discouragements, and where hundreds of horses, overtired and too heavily laden, unable to proceed farther, tottered and fell over the edge of the precipitous cliffs into the depths of the dark canyons beneath. Onward again we move, passing through tunnels, gliding around curves, into the

Three Engine Train on Tunnel Mountain



The
"Scenic"
White
Pass
&
Yukon
Route



Scenes Near Clifton and Inspiration Point



High In The Mountains During Winter
Rotary Snow Plow at work on W. P. & Y. R.

midst of beautiful trees and flowers, rushing torrents, waterfalls, bushes laden with berries, all unexcelled in the world's scenery.

You imagine the roadbed sinking into the rocks, and you seem to actually crawl under the huge boulders, begging a foothold from the sheer cliffs, and where that cannot be obtained it bridges and tunnels. Passengers may peer from the car windows down into what seems a bottomless abyss, where violet shadows predominate, or a foaming river splashes a tuneful song. Then we come to the great cantilever bridge, spanning a canyon some 250 feet deep, and here the old White Pass trail parts company with the railroad.

Only a short distance now and we are at the summit of White Pass, about 3000 feet above the level of the sea. Yes, we have traveled this distance up into the mountains in a delightful and comfortable ride of one hour and a half. Here the American and Canadian flags float sociably side by side, marking the boundary line between American and British soil. In fact,



Fitch Fork Falls



Head Of Black Lake

you may stand with one foot in one of the possessions of Uncle Sam and the other in the province of John Bull.

Should you turn back from here the excursion train will stop at places where beautiful scenic photographs may be secured, and the different points of interest more closely examined and studied. But should you care to explore farther you may continue on to Caribou, a town of the Yukon Territory, and only 69 miles distant from Skagway, where you may board the steamer "Gleaner" for the Atlin Gold Fields.

The voyage is made through a chain of lakes of wondrous beauty, in whose clear blue waters are mirrored the snow crowned peaks and the pine clad hills lining the shores, which are always close at hand. At "Taku" you leave the "Gleaner" and ride on the "Taku" tram to Atlin Lake, where you are met by the steamer "Scotia" and landed at Atlin Dock.

It is one of those beautiful trips that our limited space will not permit proper mention here; and the best advertisement anyway is to talk to or correspond with the persons who have already made the trip. Such information, and many more details than we can give, will be supplied you on application to the following offices of the White Pass & Yukon Route: Hermann Weig, 1016 Chamber Commerce Bldg., Chicago. Ill.; I. W. Dudley, 513 Coleman Building, Seattle Wash.; or F. B. Wurzbacher, Skagway, Alaska.

The persons who remain on the deck of the steamer during the trip and forego sleep until after midnight will be rewarded by such scenes of beauty and grandeur as are futile to attempt by description. After your arrival in Atlin you should drive to Discovery, B. C., one of the big gold mining camps, and see the numerous hydraulicking outfits, and watch them make "clean-ups" of the virgin gold.

The Atlin District is a great country, and was the scene of the early rushes as well as the Klondike and others. The climate is mild and beautiful, and the attractions in general are such that Skagway is proud to advertise it as one of the numerous short side trips.



Two
Cosy
Skagway
Homes



Flowers;
Every Kind;
Everywhere

Hotel Accommodations In Skagway

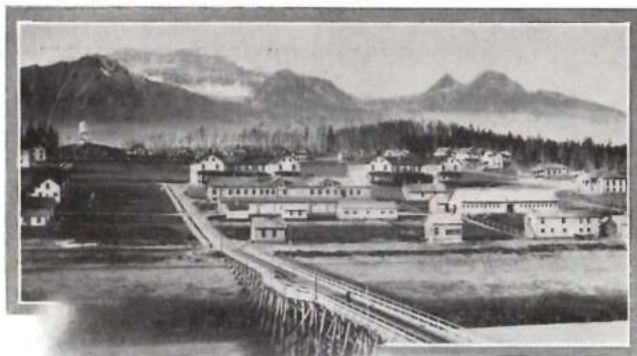
SKAGWAY will not "take a back seat" when it comes to hotels. There are none better in Alaska, and there are very few better ones found in the smaller towns of the states, say about the size and population of Skagway.

The tourist may have steam heated rooms with or without bath, and with electric light. The beds are clean and very comfortable, and the table service is excellent. The people of Alaska are noted for the splendid tables they set, and the hotels are not lacking in this feature either.

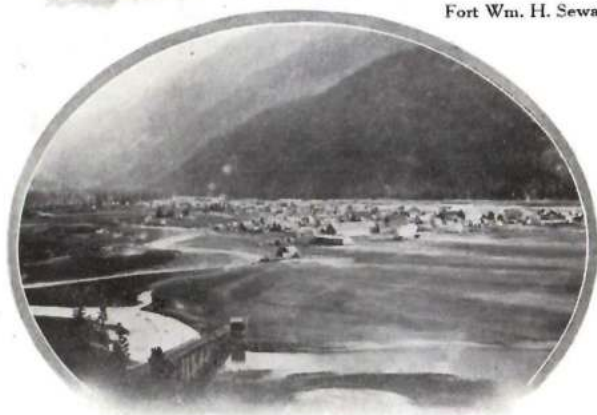
You may have single meals at the restaurants from 35 cents up to \$1.00 each. At the hotels the flat rate is 50 cents per meal, and at the private boarding houses, where parties remain for a time the rate is \$1.00 per day for board. The hotels will make about the same rate for periods of longer duration than a week or ten days.

The price of rooms in Skagway varies from 50 cents per day to \$2.00 per day, depending upon location, and whether or not they contain bath, etc.





Fort Wm. H. Seward



City of Dyea and Foot of Chilcoot Trail



Crest of Denver Glacier

Have You Ever Climbed A Glacier?

MANY PERSONS have seen glaciers from a distance, but how many have actually climbed one of these gigantic bodies of ice? Among the many advantages offered tourists at Skagway is the Denver Glacier only a short distance away. You take the train a distance of five miles out of town, and after an hour's walk over a well broken trail you will find yourself at the foot of Denver Glacier, an arm of the great Taku Glacier, which extends for more than 100 miles into the mountains.

Not only will you be afforded an excellent view of this huge river of ice, but under the care of competent and watchful guides, you may actually scale the glacier and examine its great crevasses for hours, looking down thousands of feet into the ice, tinged by the sunlight into every opalescent hue. Or you may stroll to the marge of the mountain, and there on downy



The Great Mountain Of Ice
Denver Glacier, Skagway

beds of moss, cull beautiful flowers growing on the very edge of the ice, while you listen to the purl of the glacier streams which streak the mountains like silver ribbons amid the forest's green.

Such opportunities as these come to a person only a few occasions in a life time, and every tourist who does not take advantage of the privilege offered him is missing one of the natural freaks in the world of beauty, which can only be appreciated by seeing and examining.



"Wash Day In Hades"
Glacier Creek Gorge, W. P. & Y. R.



Looking Up
The Valley From
A Point
South of Skagway

Lodges, Clubs, Schools and Churches

There are four fraternal orders in Skagway, namely;
Skagway Lodge No. 431, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.
Camp Skagway No. 1, Arctic Brotherhood.
White Pass Lodge Free and Accepted Masons No. 113.
Skagway Aerie No. 25, Fraternal Order of Eagles.

The Elks maintain a fine club, with reading room, auditorium, bowling alleys and buffet.

The White Pass Athletic Club is another institution that will interest visitors. No town the size of Skagway on the Pacific Coast has a finer athletic institution than this one.

Skagway also has a very good school system, teaching all the modern branches in an up-to-date manner. The teachers are paid very good salaries and are the best obtainable.

The following churches are located in Skagway;

St. Saviour's Protestant Episcopal.

St. Mark's Roman Catholic

Fifth Avenue Methodist Episcopal.

First Presbyterian.

Cost of Motor Boating



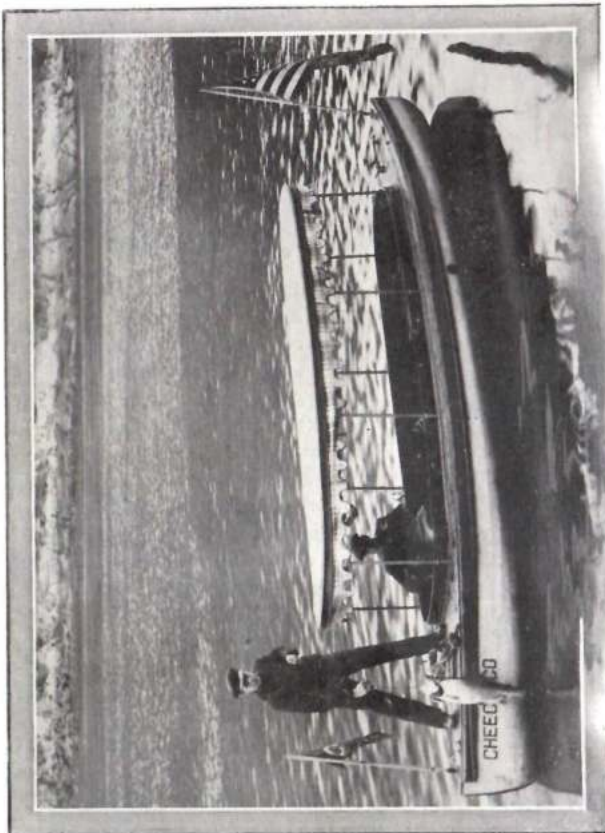
IF YOU wish to spend an exceedingly pleasant day on the water, visiting places of interest, the following outing might appeal to you:

To Smugglers' Cove first. This is the spot noted in Alaskan history on account of the fact that it was the headquarters for whiskey smugglers in the early days.

Then to Fortune Bay, where lies the wreck of the old ship "Canada". Is also a very pretty spot to camp or picnic, there being plenty of green vegetation and a running stream of clear cold water.

To the old deserted town of Dyea next, which has its historic importance on account of being the starting point over the old Chilcoot Trail and the home of about 10,000 prospectors and gold hunters in the early days. Today there is about a square mile of old empty residences and business dwellings, and the population has dwindled down to one solitary individual. However, it is a very pretty spot for a townsite, and is a delightful place to camp, picnic or gather flowers and berries.

The last stop on the trip is Burro Creek. Here is one of the most beautiful spots in the vicinity of Skagway, and you will fall in love with the scenery at once. The diversities are many, each a pleasure in itself. Some of the largest mountain trout in the world have been caught at this place; mountain climbing is also thoroughly enjoyable here, and many beautiful flowers grow near the base of the mountain. The artists and descriptive writers are here afforded a great opportunity to exercise their talents.



Fishing With Launch
On Lynn Canal

The cost of this day's outing will be \$1.50 for a party of six and over, or \$15.00 for a party of 12 persons. This will give you the privilege to call for use of launch at any time during the day between Skagway and above named points.



Here is another fine day's outing, but little more expensive, and yet worth the money several times over:

Elks' Falls, noted for their exceeding beauty. Notice the cut of same in this pamphlet.

Columbia Cannery, where the sportive salmon is caught and canned. And right here you may do a little trout fishing yourself, as well as watch others do it.

Town of Haines, which is one of the pretty townsites of Alaska, and the gateway to the Porcupine and Rainy Hollow

Fort Wm. H. Seward, where the United States infantry is stationed. It is just about a half mile from the Indian town Chilkat, and from this place a good view of Davidson Glacier also may be obtained.

The above outing covers a distance of nearly forty miles, and can be made in parties eight or less for \$15.00; in parties of twelve for \$20., or \$1.75 each for more than eight persons up to capacity of launch.



Single trips, no side stops, Skagway to Dyea and return, \$1.00 each for parties of five persons.

Skagway to Burro Creek and return \$0.50 each, six and over.

Skagway to Smugglers' Cove, or Fortune Bay, six and over, the same as Burro Creek, \$0.50.

Skagway to Elks' Falls and return \$1.00 each for party of five and over.

The trip to Haines may be made on the regular mail boat leaving here in the morning and returning in the afternoon for \$2.50 for the round trip, regardless of number. When a launch is rented there is no schedule time; it is subject to your desires in the matter and you may go and come when you like.



Row boats may be rented at a very nominal cost. The foregoing are about all the trips that will require an outlay of money for the journey. The balance may be made without cost, and are none the less enjoyable on that account either. You will not find the "Overcharge Habit" strong in Skagway

OTHER SLIGHT EXPENSES

The only charge for the trip to Denver Glacier is the railway fare to Denver Station, \$1 00 for the round trip: However, it is not necessary to take train, as the distance is short, and may be walked in a little more than an hour. After reaching Denver Station you follow the well beaten path to the right of the track and you will reach the Glacier in a very short time. Should you desire a guide one can be had at a reasonable cost.



For The Benefit Of Those Who Wish To Know



THE TEMPERATURE of Southeastern Alaska in winter seldom falls below zero, and the summer months are very mild in all parts of Alaska.

Alaska was discovered in 1741 by Titus Behring, a Danish navigator in the service of Peter the Great. It was purchased from Russia by the United States on March 18th, 1867, for the sum of \$7,200,000.

The dimensions of Alaska are as follows: length 1100 miles breadth 800 miles; and it contains 600,000 square miles, or about one-fifth the entire area of the United States. The shore line of Alaska alone amounts to more than 26,000 miles. Alaska contains 6000 miles of navigable waters.

The meaning of the word "Alaska" is "Great Country" and was derived from the Eskimo word "Al-i-ak-sa".

Alaska is the greatest gold producing country in North America, the annual product amounting to about \$20,000,000.00. The total product to date amounts to more than \$170,000,000.00.

The most important fisheries in the world are in Alaskan waters. The annual fish product alone amounts to over \$10,000,000.00. One half the salmon supplied the world is caught here. Other fish found in abundance are Cod, Herring, Grayling, Trout, Halibut and White Fish. Besides these, many other fish are found in lesser quantities.

The coal regions located to January 1st, 1910, contain more coal than the state of Pennsylvania; in fact, it is said that Alaska contains the reserve supply of coal for the United States, amounting to more than 15,000 square miles, considerable of which is anthracite.

Alaska
Dog
Team



Lower Lake Dewey, In The Mountains

Other minerals found are Silver, Tin, Marble, Gypsum and some Tungsten. As a Copper region Alaska is said to be the greatest in the world today.

The Fur Product of Alaska during Russian occupation is said to have amounted to over \$100,000,000, while that under American occupation amounts to about \$60,000,000.

As a game country Alaska is the finest in North America. The following animals are found in abundance; Bear, Moose, Caribou, Mountain Sheep and Deer. Over 20,000 Reindeer are in Alaska at the present time, and the number increasing each year. The wild birds are Grouse, Geese, Ducks, Ptarmigan etc.

Alaska's telegraph system consists of 2524 miles submarine cable; 1403 miles land wires, and 1000 miles wireless.

According to the returns of the Census Bureau, the population of Alaska June 1, 1909, was 91,978. The native population is about 30,000, which gives Alaska a white population of approximately 60,000.

The Glaciers of Alaska are the largest in the world. Some of them are 300 feet high with four mile fronts.

Thousands of lakes beautify Alaska. Many of them are high in the mountains and contain fine trout and other fish.

The mountains of Alaska make it one of the most picturesque countries in the world. The highest is Mount McKinley, the peak of which it is claimed has never been reached by man, up to this date, January 10th, 1910. Its altitude is 20,300 feet.

Alaska contains more than 100,000 square miles of valuable timbers.

Fruit is in abundance, consisting of luscious berries of all kinds; blue-berries, huckle-berries, black-berries, rasp-berries, straw-berries, and many others, excelling in delicious flavors.

Beautiful wild flowers are more numerous than in any one state in the Union.

The Landscapes of Alaska are unexcelled in the world.



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Indian Weaving Baskets—Skagway

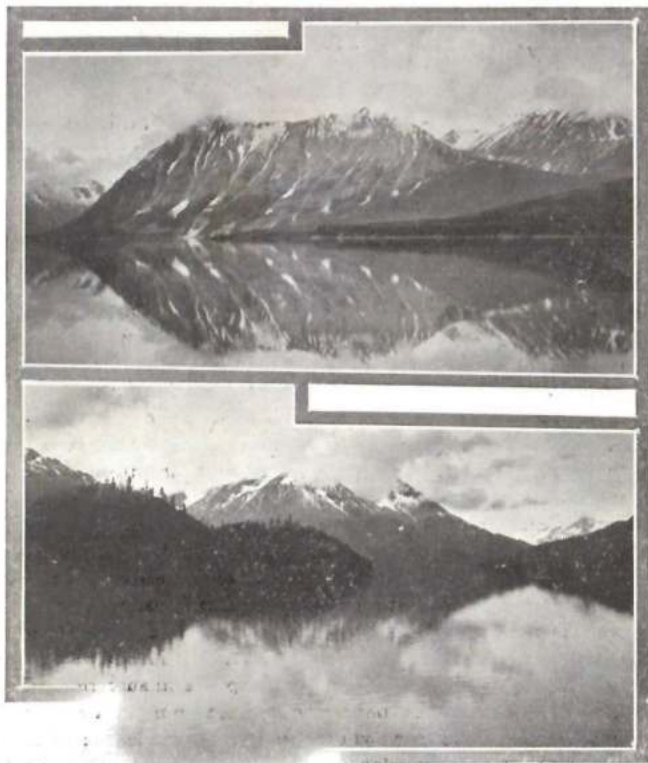
The Government of Alaska is divided into four Judicial Districts, each of which contains a complete United States Court. The Judges, Prosecuting Attorneys and United States Marshals are appointed by the President of the United States; also a Governor and Surveyor General, who serve for four years. The United States Commissioners are appointed by the Judges of their respective districts.

The first delegate to Congress from Alaska was in 1906. The delegates are elected by the people, and they have the same privileges as any Territorial Delegate. Alaska lacks only a legislative branch to give it a complete Territorial form of Government.

The expenses of the Government of Alaska are met by special appropriations from Congress. All monies derived from Customs are paid into the United States Treasury.

A Triumphant Era For Alaska

NEVER before in its history has Alaska been so well and generously advertised. The magic spell cast over the people has now been broken, and the Tourists are beginning to flock this way in greater numbers than ever before. Why? Because the people are beginning to find out the truths, and that is all the country requires to make it populous and prosperous. All the Tourists who have so far visited us have gone away appreciative of the mildness of the climate, the grandeur of scenery and the latent possibilities of Alaska yet untouched by the hand of man. Every person who visits us is an advertisement for the country of the proper sort, because the true conditions are being revealed. The Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition has greatly benefitted this country, and enlightened the people from all over the world. It has brought to notice many facts that before were absolutely unknown to the general public. It has been pronounced the best Exposition of its kind ever seen in the world. The papers of the East and West vied with each other in exploiting its attractive features, and justly so too. The Saturday Evening Post, not many weeks ago, devoted its entire front page to a scene descriptive of Alaska. This paper reaches the homes of a million and a half people, and such recognition is bound to ultimately bear fruit and bring our great and vastly rich country to the front where it belongs. Daniel Guggenheim has gone Horace Greeley one better in his advice to young men. He said, "Young man, go north; go to Alaska where the opportunities are boundless, the wealth incalculable, the lands



Scenes On The Trip To Atlin
Cathedral Mountain and Mount Wells

vast and fertile, the climate mild and healthful, and the scenery's magnificence unexcelled in the world."

It is impossible for Alaska to retrogress. No enlightened people will long pass up opportunities if they know where to find them. There is too much wealth here to go unnoticed long. The fault in the past has been that the country was mis-represented as a land of only snow and ice, barren waste, hardship and privation. Such ideas were implanted in the young and plastic minds of school children through the medium of the common school geography. Most of the advertising Alaska has received during the past ten years has been detrimental to the to the best interests of the country, but let us be thankful that the truth is now beginning to dawn upon the large masses.

Skagway is the natural headquarters for the tourists coming to Alaska. Let us call this portion of the country the "Switzerland of America", and indeed no less. Some day, not far distant, elaborate preparation will have to be made to accommodate the travel to this portion of the country. Larger and more commodious hotels will have to be built than even at the present time, though the hotels now are commodious, well equipped, and in every detail modern and up-to-date. Regular itineraries will be mapped out and guides will be kept busy all the time showing tourists what there is to see, piloting them from one place of interest and beauty to another, until all the numerous side trips are made.

Nearly 6,000 tourists visited Skagway last summer (1909), which was phenomenal as compared with previous years. Without solicitation many of them remained in Skagway for several weeks. Many others would have done so had they known before leaving home that such a thing was possible with any degree of comfort. Some of them did

not know that such a thing as hotel accommodations were to be had in Alaska, and were not sure that such a place as Skagway was on the map. Others said they felt when leaving home they were taking a dangerous journey which might endanger their lives. Such ignorance of this country is wrong and inexcusable.

It is the intention of the Skagway Commercial Club to put Skagway on the map beyond question of doubt. We want the tourists here because we have more to offer them for their money than any place on the Pacific Coast during the summer months, and because we can entertain them. We want to help Skagway, and we want to help advertise this vastly rich empire of Alaska in her growth and development, first last and all the time.



The Aurora Borealis

HAVE YOU ever seen the Aurora Borealis? It is one of the natural phenomena that helps make Alaska famous. These are generally referred to as the "Northern Lights," and are very common to the people of Skagway during the fall and six winter months, but to travelers who have never witnessed the sight they are of unfailing interest.

Great arches of light shoot across the heavens on clear nights, assuming myriads of colors, to the awe and astonishment of the spectators, as they wave back and forth, ever-changing in shape and hue. Sometimes somber and steady they shoot their luminous rays toward the zenith, then rise out of the horizon like the Goddess of Morning.

This is one of the great phenomena that can be seen only in few places of the world, and Skagway being one of them, we must call your attention to the fact. Here is an opportunity for poet and painter.



Homeward Bound
You Wave a Fond
Farewell

This Booklet was Printed in
SKAGWAY, ALASKA
by
The Daily Alaskan

Cuts by
Maring & Blake
Seattle